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Happy Uttarayan

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NEED OF EVERY NATION – TO FORM “TRUE OR PURE” REPUBLIC

WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO BE A REPUBLIC?

Of course the Republic is a government formed by people elected by the population in the democratic way. The constitution of India is the supreme law of India. We find frame work defining fundamental political principle, establishes the structure, procedure, power and duties of government institutions and sets out fundamental right, directive principle and duty of citizens.

India implemented its own plan on January 26, 1950, since then every year January 26 is celebrated as a Republic Day. What really means to be republic? What is to be done in the Republic Day celebration?

When any nation is released from other foreign nationals, it becomes an independent public. But when the nation executes its own plan, it is called the Republic, The Constitution of the Nation, which is called the book of the nation's laws, that the people of the nation should be willing to do it voluntarily and nationally.

On the day when any nation imposes its constitution by a government officer elected by a public, that day is called the Republic Day for that nation. India enacted its constitution on January 26, 1950 by a government official, elected by the people. And in true sense the Republic was called.

Constitution is a list of basic principles or list of established rules by which states or any organization can operate. India's constitution is considered as the supreme law of India. It provides for the provision of Constitution of India, basic principles, Lokmaya Government programs, Government authority, duty, and power and duty of the people.

India's constitution is considered to be the world's largest constitution. During the first execution, it is implemented today with 395 articles, 25 sections, 12 road lights, 5 indexes and 98 amendments. The specialty of the Indian Constitution is that it also includes the provision to amendments and to happen.

Constitutional Constitution Committee took approximately 3 years and with-



clarity for 2 years, 11 months and 17 days for constitutional constitution. During this period, 11 sessions were organized for 165 days in the assembly for the Constitution, and 114 days for the first copy of the constitution, The constitution of India was not a normal operation.

Whether we have got independence from foreign authorities, or what will be the laws of India after Independence? And how it could be implemented was the biggest question. Various customs, it is very difficult to bring the whole of India under the umbrella of law among the languages, conceptions and traditions, and that is why India's constitution or constitution is an infallible weapon, which has made the people of India and made them a true citizen.

There are several laws in the country. Various legislations are taken as a reference within the law, but when a dispute arises in the implementation of the laws and the legal clarification, the constitution is taken into account and the judicial process is carried out keeping in mind the constitutional provision of the Constitution. That is why the constitution is considered to be the supreme law.

Because of its formulation, the people's interest is included, and that is why India is a republic, where the voice of the people is more important than the power of the ruling authority. The freedom of thought, conduct and utterance in India

is a gift to the people of India's constitution.

In reality, the Republic is called the Constitution of the country without any discrimination. And when any nation has respected its constitution and implemented it in a true sense, diversity also shows unity and the whole country emerges as a nation. In the times when we accept our government and its representatives through an unbiased election process. It is very important to implement the constitution. With such discriminatory implementation, the same law system in the nation will be saved, spread the same ideology and emerge a strong nation with one unity. As such, we should not be subject to race, religion or any other discrimination against nation's development. Constitutional implementation is not a matter of majority. But there is talk of everything. It is very easy to tell or hear everything. But in true sense, it is called true patriotism only when our nation is progressing.

Let us celebrate the constitutional constitution and prove our national integrity Happy Birthday of the Republic.



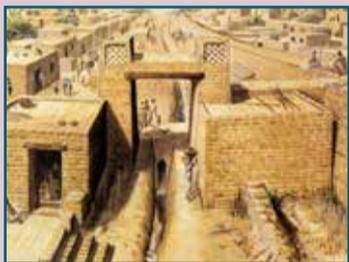
DR. VISHAL VARIA
EDUCATIONIST, RAJKOT

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RACK YOUR BRAIN

What is the difference between unity and uniformity? How we can relate with the kids development?

Readers, If you want to reflect in "Rack your Brain", Mail us your answers, in 25 or 30 words with your photographs upto 15th December 2017, Mail Id: theopenpage@tripada.com or you can whatsapp on 9586022210.



COLOURFUL KITES IN THE SKY WARMS THE COCKLES OF THE HEART

Makar Sankranti is celebrated here as Uttarayan, where young, old every age of people take interest to take part in flying kites. It is the day when the sun starts to travel northwards marking the decline of winter. Days become longer, the sky is clear and the breeze is cooler. The festival of Uttarayan is one of the grandest and stands tall as it is not only one day celebration, here children enjoy flying kites before January month. In Gujarat, Uttarayan is a most favourite festival for all and there is a holiday in schools and at every working area so every family can be met outdoors to enjoy this festival. We find the same enthusiasm in all people, of all ages, they fly kites from dawn to dusk. Everywhere we see the mess crowd on the rooftops, with noisy, colourful kites and fun-loving rivalry to outdo each other in kite flying skills and delicious traditional Gujarati feast are the hallmarks of the day.

This festival shows the fascination and the revelry associated with the kite flying cuts across age groups, class and communities. This festival mostly influences Hindus where it shows the awakening of the gods from their deep slumber, history has it that India developed a rich tradition of kite flying due to the patronage of the Kings and Nawabs who found the sport both entertaining and a way of displaying their powers. Trained fliers were employed to fly kites for kings. Gradually, the art started becoming popular amongst the masses. Looking to the today's craze, manufacturing of kites is a serious business of earning



as it has made an important place in heart of every individuals. I

Months before the festival of Uttarayan, homes in the localities of various cities in Gujarat turn into kite producing factories with all family members doing their bit in the seasonal cottage business. Thousands of kites are prepared in the market. On the strings special kind of paste of glass powder and rice paste are coated, all set to cut each other's strings and knock down the kites. Different size of the kites of different ranges from nine inches to three feet are prepared.

The festival creates self-employment for the people who want to do business, various communities irrespective of cast and creed are engaged in the business of kites. Rich or poor, people enjoy this festival in their own ways and style.

We find that the excitement continues even after dark. At night the whole sky becomes a magical sparkling bright big umbrella where we can feel that stars have come closure to us when there is the arrival of the illuminated box

kites, often in a series strung on one line, to be launched into the sky. We are calling it as tukkals, these kites when reached on heights adds a touch of splendor to the dark sky. Whole day is marked with the traditional food/delicacy festival of Gujarat like the undhiyu, jalebi, til ladoo and chikki.

The ceaseless amazement we find, to indulge and show our talent by taking part in the most pulse racing kite competitions. There are kites and more kites, in all shapes and designs, but some stand out for their sheer size and novelty. People have made records of flying biggest kites.

Every year, the fanfare associated with the paper works of art and craft brings people together from far and wide - be it from Japan, Australia, Malaysia, USA, Brazil, Canada and European Countries - to participate in the International Kite Festival.

Colourful kites filling up the sky on Uttarayan is a mesmerizing sight. This is that time of the year when celebrations ring in the air and happiness touches every heart. But in spite of all the happi-

ness, there can be certain incidents that can mark your fun-filled day.

Accidents, cuts, eye-damage, skin tans and the list is endless. Remember precaution is better than cure. So, it's better to enjoy the festival in a healthy and safe way. Every year we come across sad incidents like someone falling off the terrace while flying kites or meeting with a road accident while trying

to catch a kite, or bikers getting deep cuts on necks or even deaths because of the killer maanjho. Such incidents are disheartening and frightening too. Drive slowly to avoid such accidents. "Wear a helmet/ duppatta while driving, along with muffler/scarf/stole and sunglasses too. Few things are suggested to take care of your eyes while flying kites because they are directly exposed to sunlight and UV rays can cause severe damage to your eyes. Wear glasses. Parents must take care and ensure that kids don't play with sticks of torn kites as those are too sharp and can hurt one's eyes. While flying kites, it is advisable to carry a first aid kit along to treat small cuts on fingers due to kite-thread.

We should not forget our humanity and Birds safety should be taken care, just think what step of ours can make the birds also secure on the Uttarayan?

Wishing you all a happy, healthy and safe Uttarayan.

—Hardi Patel, Std-9, LML School

In 1975, Indian cricket had its Oliver Twist moment. A tall, wiry teenager representing Haryana was participating in a national under-19 coaching camp at the CCI in Mumbai's scorching summer heat. Kapil Dev Nikhanj, better known as Kapil Dev was born on 6th January, 1959 in Chandigarh, India. He was a student at D.A.V. School and joined Desh Prem Azad in 1971.

He captained the Indian cricket team which won the 1983 Cricket World Cup. Named by Wisden as the Indian Cricketer of the Century in 2002, Kapil Dev is considered as one of the greatest all rounders of all time. He was also India's national cricket coach for 10 months between October 1999 and August 2000.

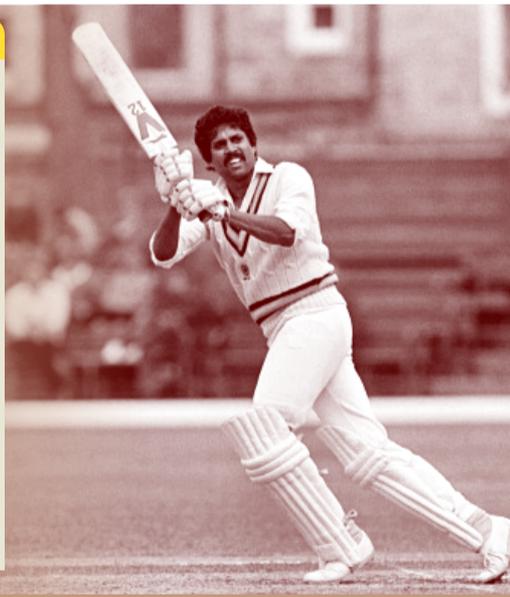
A naturally aggressive player, he often helped India in difficult situations by taking the attack to the opposition. Nicknamed The Haryana Hurricane, he represented the Haryana cricket team in domestic cricket. He retired in 1994. On 8 March 2010, Kapil Dev was inducted into the ICC Cricket Hall of Fame.

Sometimes, a stray remark can become a base camp to motivate an individual to reach the summit. Tarapore, a genial Parsee, had played one Test for India in 1948 as a left-arm spinner and was conditioned to believe that

KAPIL DEV

KAPIL DEV FACTS

1. He was never run out in his 184 Test innings long career.
2. He was the youngest Test player to achieve the all-round double of 100 wickets and 1,000 runs.
3. He never missed a Test because of injury or fitness reasons in a career that spanned 131 Tests spread over 16 years.
4. After retirement from cricket in 1994, he took up golf.
5. He has written three autobiographical works. By 'God's Decree' came out in 1985 and 'Cricket my style' in 1987. He released his most recent autobiography, titled 'Straight from the Heart' in 2004.



this was a land of spinners only. The desire to prove him wrong became a driving force for Kapil Dev Nikhanj. Not only did he get the full meal he asked for but he also achieved the seemingly impossible: he bowled fast for India. Barely four years later, as he became the youngest to take 100

wickets for his country, Kapil Dev sought out Tarapore at a function. 'I just went up to him and said thank you. He had given me a goal in life by almost challenging me to bowl fast,' he says.

He has won numerous awards in tests, ODIs and man of the match. He

was also felicitated with Padma Shri in the year 1982. He received two of India's highest civilian honours: the Padma Shri (1982) and the Padma Bhushan (1991).

Dev retired in 1994 and had a brief but unsuccessful 10-month spell as the coach of the Indian national team from October 1999 to August 2000. In 1999 he was implicated in a match-fixing controversy that led to his coaching departure, but he was later cleared of all charges after an investigation conducted by India's Central Bureau of Investigation. He was chairman of India's National Cricket Academy from 2006 to 2007 but was forced out when he became an executive in the privately funded upstart India Cricket League (ICL). He left the ICL in 2012 and returned to the good graces of the Board of Control for Cricket in India (BCCI), the national governing body of Indian cricket.

He is truly a living legend! Let's wish Kapil Dev a very happy birthday on 6th January!



EKTA GANWANI
HEAD STUDENT EDITOR (YRC)
LML SCHOOL

- India never invaded any country in her last 10000 years of history.
- When many cultures were only nomadic forest dwellers over 5000 years ago, Indians established Harappan culture in Sindhu Valley (Indus Valley Civilization)
- The name 'India' is derived from the River Indus, the valleys around which were the home of the early settlers. The Aryan worshippers referred to the river Indus as the Sindhu.
- The Persian invaders converted it into Hindu. The name 'Hindustan' combines Sindhu and Hindu and thus refers to the land of the Hindus.
- Chess was invented in India.
- Algebra, Trigonometry and Calculus are studies, which originated in India.
- The 'Place Value System' and the 'Decimal System' were developed in India in 100 B.C.
- The World's First Granite Temple is the Brihadeswara Temple at Tanjavur, Tamil Nadu. The shikhara of the temple is made from a single 80-tonne piece of granite. This magnificent temple was built in just five years, (between 1004 AD and 1009 AD) during the reign of Rajaraja Chola.
- India is the largest democracy in the world, the 7th largest Country in the world, and one of the most ancient civilizations.
- The game of Snakes & Ladders was created by the 13th century poet saint Gyandev. It was originally called 'Mokshapat'. The ladders in the game represented virtues and the snakes indicated vices. The game was played with cowrie shells and dices. In time, the game underwent several modifications, but its meaning remained the same, i.e. good deeds take people to heaven and evil to a cycle of re-births.
- The world's highest cricket ground is in Chail, Himachal Pradesh. Built in 1893 after leveling a hilltop, this cricket pitch is 2444 meters above sea level.
- India has the largest number of Post Offices in the world.
- The largest employer in India is the Indian Railways, employing over a million people.
- The world's first university was established in Takshila in 700 BC. More than 10,500 students from all over the world studied more than 60 subjects. The University of Nalanda built in the 4th century was one of the greatest achievements of ancient India in the field of education.
- Ayurveda is the earliest school of medicine known to mankind. The Father of Medicine, Charaka, consolidated Ayurveda 2500 years ago.

HERE ARE SOME FACTS ON INDIAN HERITAGE



- India was one of the richest countries till the time of British rule in the early 17th Century. Christopher Columbus, attracted by India's wealth, had come looking for a sea route to India when he discovered America by mistake.
- The Art of Navigation & Navigating was born in the river Sindh over 6000 years ago. The very word Navigation is derived from the Sanskrit word 'NAVAGATI'. The word navy is also derived from the Sanskrit word 'Nou'.
- Bhaskaracharya rightly calculated the time taken by the earth to orbit the Sun hundreds of years before the astronomer Smart. According to his calculation, the time taken by the Earth to orbit the Sun was 365.258756484 days.
- The value of "pi" was first calculated by the Indian Mathematician Budhayana, and he explained the concept of what is known as the Pythagorean Theorem. He discovered this in the 6th century, long before the European mathematicians.
- Algebra, Trigonometry and Calculus also originated in India. Quadratic Equations were used by Sridharacharya in the 11th century. The largest numbers the Greeks and the Romans used were 106 whereas Hindus used numbers as big as 10^{53} (i.e. 10 to the power of 53) with specific names as early as 5000 B.C. during the Vedic period. Even today, the largest used number is Terra: 10^{12} (10 to the power of 12).
- Until 1896, India was the only source of diamonds in the world.
- The Baily Bridge is the highest bridge in the world. It is located in the Ladakh valley between the Dras and Suru rivers in the Himalayan mountains. It was built by the Indian Army in August 1982.
- Sushruta is regarded as the Father of Surgery. Over 2600 years ago Sushruta & his team conducted complicated surgeries like cataract, artificial limbs, cesareans, fractures, urinary stones, plastic surgery and brain surgeries.
- Usage of anaesthesia was well known in ancient Indian medicine. Detailed knowledge of anatomy, embryology, digestion, metabolism, physiology, etiology, genetics and immunity is also found in many ancient Indian texts.
- India exports software to 90 countries.
- The four religions born in India - Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism, and Sikhism, are followed by 25% of the world's population.
- Jainism and Buddhism were founded in India in 600 B.C. and 500 B.C. respectively.
- Islam is India's and the world's second largest religion.
- There are 300,000 active mosques in India, more than in any other country.
- The oldest European church and synagogue in India are in the city of Cochin. They were built in 1503 and 1568 respectively.
- Jews and Christians have lived continuously in India since 200 B.C. and 52 A.D. respectively
- The largest religious building in the world is Angkor Wat, a Hindu Temple in Cambodia built at the end of the 11th century.
- The Vishnu Temple in the city of Tirupathi built in the 10th century, is the world's largest religious pilgrimage destination. Larger than either Rome or Mecca, an average of 30,000 visitors donate \$6 million (US) to the temple everyday.
- Sikhism originated in the Holy city of Amritsar in Punjab. Famous for housing the Golden Temple, the city was founded in 1577.
- Varanasi, also known as Benaras, was called "the Ancient City" when Lord Buddha visited it in 500 B.C., and is the oldest, continuously inhabited city in the world today.
- India provides safety for more than 300,000 refugees originally from Sri Lanka, Tibet, Bhutan, Afghanistan and Bangladesh, who escaped to flee religious and political persecution.
- His Holiness, the Dalai Lama, the exiled spiritual leader of Tibetan Buddhists, runs his government in exile from Dharmashala in northern India.
- Martial Arts were first created in India, and later spread to Asia by Buddhist missionaries.
- Yoga has its origins in India and has existed for over 5,000 years.
- India is the world's largest, oldest, continuous civilization.
- India was one of the richest countries till the time of British rule in the early 17th Century.
- Every twelve years, the Purna Kumbh Mela happens in Allahabad. This is the largest religious gathering in the world.
- Plastic surgery has its origins in India.
- India has more population than the entire western hemisphere of earth.
- Indian housewives hold 11% of total gold, more than the reserves of U.S., IMF, Switzerland and Germany out together.

—The Open Page

India is a vibrant land of unity in diversity. Customs and traditions are the wealth of India and warmth of Indian-ness is the bonding branded "Incredible India". There are plentiful general etiquettes that most Indians are particular about and very staunchly adheres to. Many can be found accommodating in line with the next generation but preserving the fervor to the best. There are very common instances like greetings where Indians hold their palms together and say 'Namaste' (nuh-mus-tay) while greeting each other. It can continue with shaking hands, hugging and kissing on the cheeks, especially to the loved ones.

I recall one of my colleague's daughter studying abroad when during a parent teacher meeting her teachers emphasized on the fact that Indians have the highest respect level to their elders and teacher mentors compared to most of the other student nationals. She was just being an Indian by heart, by soul. I appreciate her for being her.

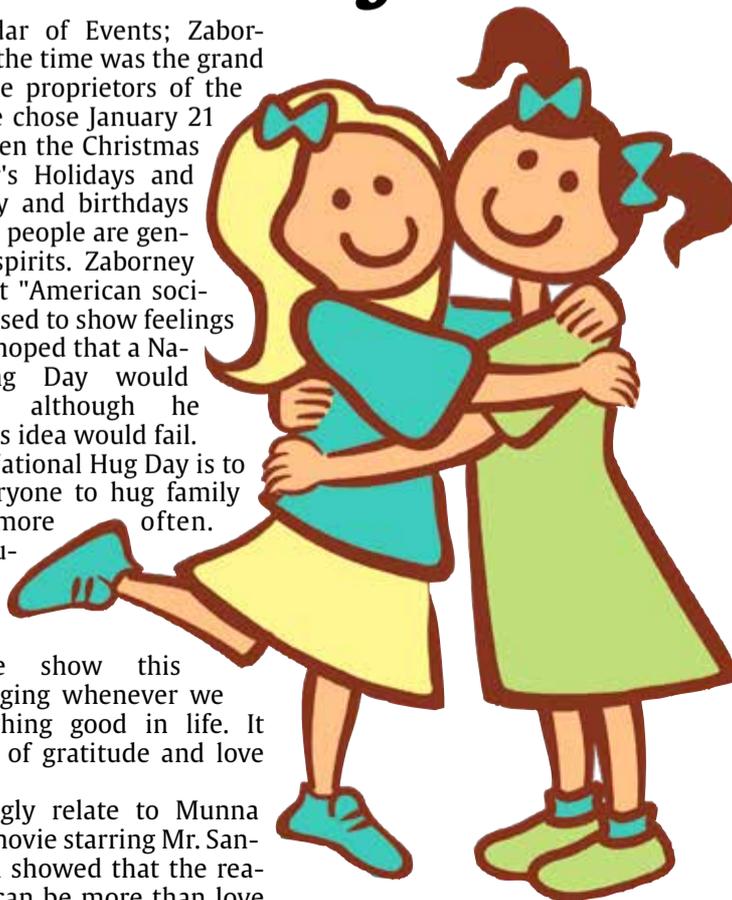
National Hugging Day is an annual event dedicated to hugging. It was created by Kevin Zaborney and occurs annually on January 21. The day was first celebrated on January 21, 1986 in Clio, Michigan, USA. Holiday is also observed in many other countries. Kevin Zaborney is credited with coming up with the idea of National Hugging Day in 1986. It was included in

JADOO KI JHAPPI

Chase's Calendar of Events; Zaborney's friend at the time was the grand daughter of the proprietors of the publication. He chose January 21 as it fell between the Christmas and New Year's Holidays and Valentine's Day and birthdays when he found people are generally in low spirits. Zaborney considered that "American society is embarrassed to show feelings in public" and hoped that a National Hugging Day would change that, although he thought that his idea would fail.

The idea of National Hug Day is to encourage everyone to hug family and friends more often. Zaborney cautions to ask first if one is unsure of the response. We show this gesture of hugging whenever we achieve something good in life. It gives a feeling of gratitude and love acknowledged.

I very strongly relate to Munna Bhai MBBS, a movie starring Mr. Sanjay Dutt which showed that the reason for a hug can be more than love



and celebration, it can be to share someone's sorrows too. It was only a depiction on screen but the message is received and appreciated. Have there been an instances where you should have seen someone lent a hug or just a shoulder? Definitely, yes. We have proven that we are there for you at times of need and whenever you are down.

To start with a little genuine smile makes your day. In the glamour called hospitality industry where we always wear a smile. It is difficult to judge if the smile is genuine one or plastic smile. Try this - drive with care with all essentials and by mistake if you have gone wrong in the traffic, creating problem or panic to other person. Don't just rush over and leave, try to acknowledge with a genuine concerned smile or raising your hand accepting your mistake (no speech in the entire process) and trust me, the other gentleman would feel better and move on, like you too will.

It is the healing power of smile and hug. Use them cautiously, judiciously and genuinely.



SALLA VIJAY KUMAR
NATIONAL AWARD
WINNING LECTURER, IHMA

Match the proper pair

Fill in the blanks with the correct consonant blend.

		fr	bl	cr
__ead	__og	cl	sc	pl
		gr	fl	dr
__oud	__y	gl	br	
__ant	__ock	__ue		
__ab	__ush	__anket		
__apes	__um	__ale		

SUDOKU

2		6	1	3	7	8
		9		1		
	1		3	7		5
	5	1	4	2		3
9	2		8	4		
8	4		7			
			4	7	5	
	5		9	8	1	

How to Play : Fill each of the blank boxes with the number grid from 1-9, with no numbers repeating in vertical, horizontal rows or 3x3 grids. Do not repeat any letters in a line. Each puzzle has only one solution.

WHO LIVES WHERE?
FIND AND MATCH

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

2	3	9	1	5	8	6	7	4
4	1	8	2	6	7	9	5	3
9	5	7	4	9	3	8	2	1
1	9	5	6	7	2	3	4	8
7	9	4	3	8	5	2	1	6
3	8	2	9	4	1	5	6	7
5	2	9	7	3	4	1	8	6
6	4	1	8	2	9	7	3	5
8	7	3	7	1	5	4	9	2

ANSWERS

FIND THE DIFFERENCE

Join the numbers in ascending order

Add the fruits

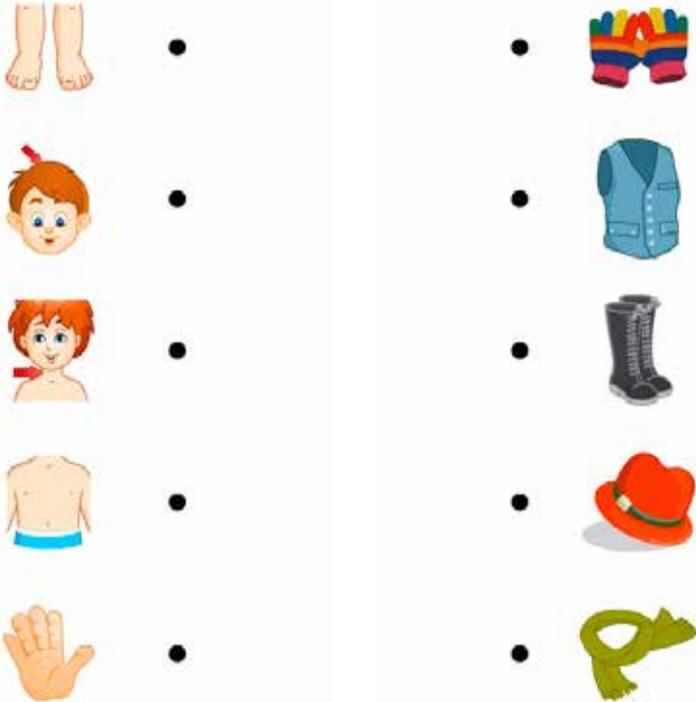
+ = 30
 + = 20
 + = 8
 + × = ?

Help! This dog is lost. Can you help him find his way home before the coyotes come out?

Find the way

Draw a line from the vehicle to the place in work.

Find the proper match



Find the words from the right column in the grid.
Words may be forward, backward, up, down or diagonal.



Our learning Chart



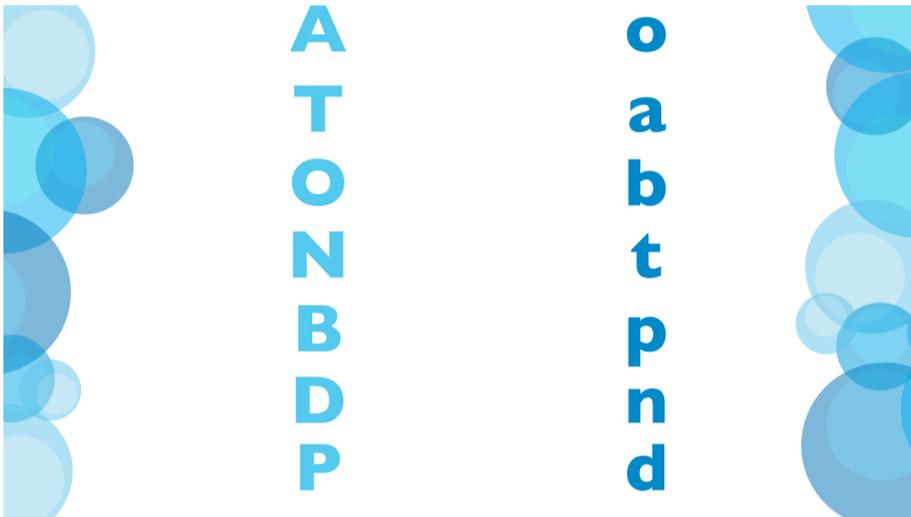
- ARCHERY
- BADMINTON
- BASEBALL
- BASKETBALL
- CYCLING
- DIVING
- FOOTBALL
- GOLF
- GYMNASTICS
- ROWING
- SAILING
- SOCCER
- SOFTBALL
- SWIMMING
- TENNIS
- VOLLEYBALL



Learn some more !!!

All letters can be written in two ways, UPPERCASE & lowercase.
Match each UPPERCASE letter to its lowercase companion.

After you have found all the pairs, write a word that start with each letter.



A _____ O _____ B _____
T _____ N _____ D _____
P _____

Sequence the pictures in order of 1 to 4



Washing hands

3



Flushing toilet

2



Using toilet

1



Drying hands

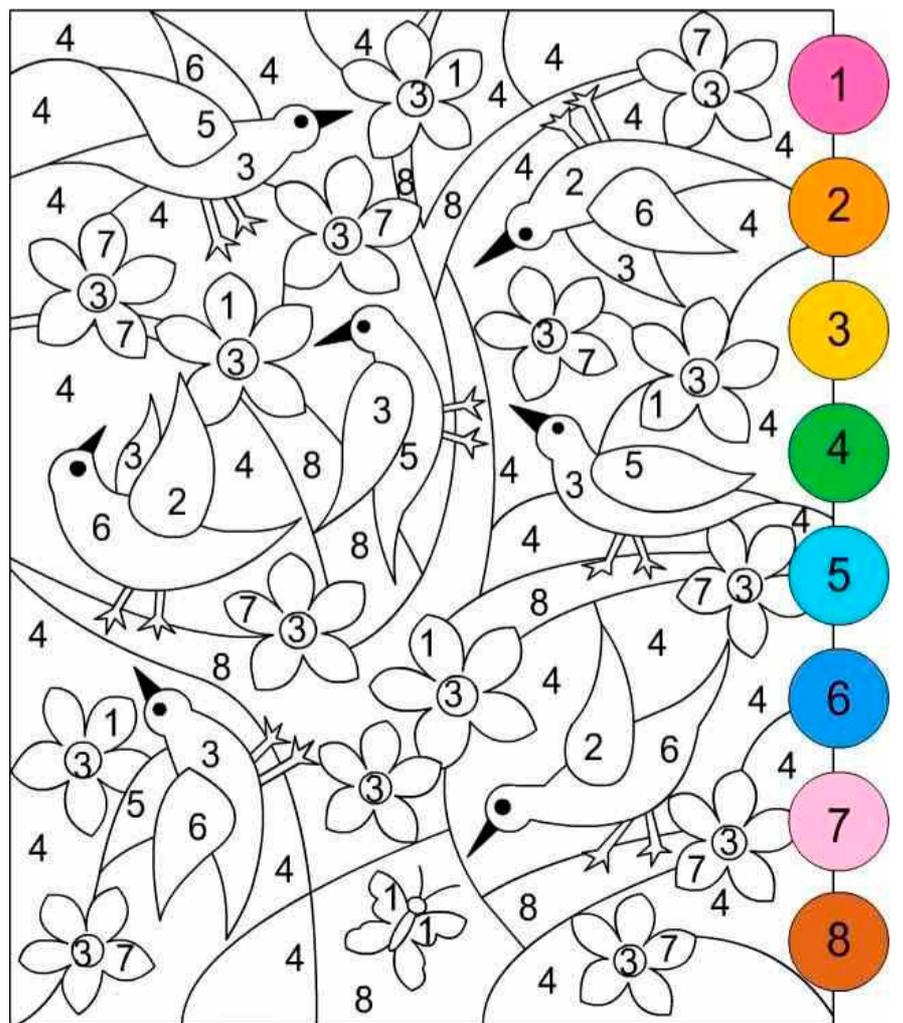
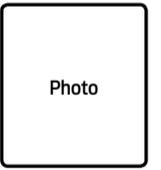
4

FUN WITH COLOURS

Your drawing should reach us by 20/1/2018 at
The Open Page, 4th Floor, Vishwa Arcade, Nr. Akhbar Nagar,
Nava Wadaj, Ahmedabad-380013

GIFT FOR BEST COLORING

Name: _____
Name of School: _____
Std: _____ Mobile No.: _____



BODY SHAMING

I guess I was 5 years old,
When everyone said I am cute and bold.
Even though I had a lot of mass,
I wasn't the discriminated one in the class.
But 12 years later,
Everything does matter,
Marks, looks, weight and day by day I got fatter.
I didn't really care,
But the way they treated me wasn't fair.

They started this trend of body shaming
and didn't care who's heart was paining.
But they found their happiness in it,
Teasing those who are not fit.

This world is filled of people with different
size,
and everybody wishes to fly.
People need to understand,
Categorising people by their weight should
be Ban.

People are taking medicines, having
surgeries, working hard,
Only to fit in the society and then play their
part,
Part of living and fulfilling their dreams, and
Because according to the society
Only those who weigh till 60 could dream
and not the fatty.

And to all those who are above 60 kilogram,
You don't stop spreading your charm.
You are way more beautiful than those who
call them fit.

They would fall hard if anybody will hit
and we won't because we are in the category
of strong.

We should be happy about it for long.
—Janwee Mukim, Student Class 12

Home: somewhere we feel safe, what about those who don't have one?

India, a county with the population of 1.324 billion people, so many families and cultures living together as a country, but is everyone in the country happy? Is there anything that people should be concerned about that involves the future- the youth? Our country has over 11 million street children, 11 million of our youth roaming on the streets- homeless.

Street children is a term for children experiencing poverty (homelessness) who are living on the streets of a city, town, or village. Every year since 2009, on 31st January the Jugend Eine Welt organization provides a platform for millions of street children around the world to speak out that their rights cannot be ignored by celebrating the International Street Children's Day. Their mission is to encourage development and education for the street children. Last year was important because the focus was entirely on India.

As a part of their campaign, they also make information packages which include materials for general



background information, suggestions for campaigns, and service for children. The primary idea of the day is to work for the emergency relief, food, clothing, shelter, and education for the homeless street children. Their effort is not just for a day, they collaborate with Consortium for Street Children (CSC) and organize many events starting from 31st January to 12th April. They manage to set different themes for every year, last year's



theme being "stand with street children on 12th April with the hashtag #OurTime17.

Every year this event changes the lives of many children like us, the only difference being- they get a voice and ours just gets louder. Make a small effort and the result will be in front of your eyes in some years. Get involved and see what you can do, the smile on the face of a kid might change your look at the world.
—LML Student



KNOW THE VALUABLE MEANING OF VANDE MATRAM

The Poem Vande Matram is the national song of India. This poem is written by Shree Bankim Chandra Chattopadhyay in the year 1870. This national song was composed into song by Rabindranath Tagore. The title "Vande Mataram" means "I praise thee motherland of the country. It played a vital role in the Indian independence movement..

"Vande Mataram" was the national cry for freedom from British oppression, during the freedom movement, became the war chant for freedom fighters in various corners of the country. The poem contains the words which motivate the people of the country by singing the glory of their motherland.

The poem says

I show gratitude to thee, Mother,
richly-watered, richly-fruited,
cool with the winds of the south,
dark with the crops of the
harvests,
The Mother!
Her nights rejoicing in the glory of
the moonlight,
her lands clothed beautifully with
her trees in flowering bloom,
sweet of laughter, sweet of
speech,
The Mother, giver of boons, giver
of bliss.

"EMOTIONS TO CONVEY"

Brownish eye with as dream
to become a dancer,
I feel, there is one, who
holds the passion,
With the swift feet, to
capture the world,
The dance makes me flow like
a river with sparkling bright,
The moon fills the place with
her silvery light,
The day of mine seems to
glow.
But, who understands the
depth of my life,
Dancing length soon
disappeared,
When I shrewdly met an
ancient
All the things vanish, there
remains only reflection of
time.
Hoping to fulfill again the
passion to be on top nine.,



MAHI TRIVEDI,
STD: 6

Knowledge's call

Oh! Dear.. come closer and closer hear
I am looking so sober be a good robber
Waiting my lovely friend every time
Remove hesitation so deep in well
Spear little your time hear
You are naughty curious user
Your company lovely too
Generous parity reader
Dear give respect our treaty

—Atul Pandya, Librarian
SdJ International school

BIRTHDAY WISHES

NANA PATEKAR 1ST JANUARY 1951

He is an Indian actor, writer, philanthropist and filmmaker, mainly working in Hindi and Marathi films. He is also the only actor ever to win Filmfare Award for Best Actor, Best Supporting Actor and Best Villain categories. He was bestowed the fourth highest civilian honour of India when he was awarded the Padma Shri award for his dedication in the field of Films and Arts.



DEEPIKA PADUKONE

5th January 1986, She is an Indian film actress., Padukone is the recipient of several awards, including three Filmfare Awards. She features in listings of the nation's most popular and attractive personalities.

JAVED AKHTAR

Born 17 January 1945, He is an Indian poet, lyricist and screenwriter. Akhtar is a mainstream writer. He is a recipient of the Padma Shri (1999), Padma Bhushan (2007). Sahitya Akademi Award as well as five National Film Awards.



HRITHIK ROSHAN

Born 10th January 1974, He is an Indian actor who appears in Bollywood films. The son of the filmmaker Rakesh Roshan. He has portrayed a variety of characters and is known for his dancing ability. One of the highest-paid actors in India, he has won many awards, including six Filmfares, four for Best Actor and one each for Best Debut and Best Actor (Critics). Starting in 2012, he appeared in Forbes India's Celebrity 100 based on his income and popularity.



Only a generation of readers will spawn a generation of writers. — Steven Spielberg





SOFTWARE development LIFE Cycle

WHAT IS SDLC

It's the phase of software from the thought it should be developed to design to its realization in form of development then testing and finally maintenance. Software's are just like any other product that needs a perfect engineering. With engineering it also needs a maintenance phase to maintain it. All these parts make a cycle which is called Software Redevelopment Life Cycle.

TODAY I WILL BE DISCUSSING THE MOST POPULAR ONE

AGILE :

It's the most popular form of method that attracts most of the clients and Software industries.

The Agile is an ability to adapt to ever changing needs of the project. The requirements here are not fixed. It needs a high level of communication to the client to gather the requirement.

Its development is divided in phases and each phase is called as Sprint. A sprint can be minimum 2 weeks and a maximum of 4 weeks. (5-8 weeks are generally targeted for testing the software).

The requirement which are clear, drilled down in form of task and they are decked in terms of their priorities.

The most important tasks is moved up the list and are targeted to finish up first. The unclear requirements or less important chunks of project are moved to list down which are not possible to be developed in the Sprint. So this list is called as a Backlog List.

Promoting the changes so its available to the end user like us i.e. on internet is called as Go Live or Release

Each Release consists of multiple projects and each project consists of sprints.

HOW AGILE STARTS

Firstly a release planning takes place. A release can have multiple projects. So this planning decides which portion of the project will be covered as part of

this release. Once the Module of the project is decided (A module is a complete part of big project).

In Agile, this module is known as a User Story.

It describes what the requirement is in simple steps.

A User Story is divided into tasks . All tasks of release are finalized.

Now , After release planning, sprint planning takes place. Which as discussed, decides which important task list will be covered in this sprint. Also , the length of the sprint is decided for the development whether it will be 2-4 weeks depending on the task list.

Here each task in the list is an independent; complete portion of the project.

Agile is a developer inclined methodology. In this developers are given the right to estimate the time for the task during sprint planning in terms of Points.

Now WHAT are points

Points are the complexity of the task starting from 1 2 3 5 8 13 but usually a task is restricted to 8 points only. If a complexity of task goes beyond 8 then the task is further divided into smaller tasks.

There is also another way of estimating the task or user story which is called Planning Poker.

Each estimator is holding a deck of Planning Poker cards with values like 0, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 20, 40 and 100.

The estimators discuss the feature, asking questions of the product owner as needed. When the feature has been fully discussed, each estimator privately selects one card to represent his or her estimate. All cards are then revealed at the same time.

If all estimators selected the same value, that becomes the estimate. If not, the estimators discuss their estimates. The high and low estimators should especially share their reasons. After further discussion, each estimator reselects an estimate card, and all cards are again revealed at the same time.

The poker planning process is repeated until consensus is achieved or until the estimators decide that agile



estimating and planning of a particular item needs to be deferred until additional information can be acquired.

Generally , 4weeks of sprint we have sprint 5 sprint 6 an sprint 7 for UAT testing.

Now what is UAT testing

It is User Acceptance Testing. In this the entire project is tested for bugs and developers fix the bugs which are valid. The developers also have the right to reject an issue if it's not valid.

On the day of release the software portion developed is made available to the targeted user.

Who are targeted users?

It means for whom the software is designed. For example, the tools are designed to process banking data are just for staffs working in the bank. So here targeted users are Bank Employees only. And a website released like face book , we all are the targeted users

This was about agile. But how is Agile managed?

There are various tools in Agile process for example Jeera , Rally etc.

In these tools each user's stories are created.

The documents and images required to successfully develop this story are attached along with either the user story or the task.

Here for specific project a group is created and all developers, testers, product owners etc, specific to that

project, are added in that tool.

Now each task is assigned to a developer against his/her name.

The developer gives estimate in hours against the task for example 40 hours. Each end of the day the developer burns the hours or subtracts the number of hours worked . For example if i worked for 6 hours on the task I would subtract 40-6 =36 hours left. When ever the task is completed the status of the task is changed to complete. Also it may happen the remaining hours are 0 or if we were able to finish the task early then the hours would be some positive value. i.e. if i estimated for 40 hours and if i was able to finish my talk in 36 hours the total remaining hours will be 40-36 = 4 hours

This is how the actual efforts and the estimated efforts are projected.

After the end of sprint , all the estimation against task + actual hours are automatically plotted into a Graph called as Burn Down Graph. Which shows the amount of hours burned against the task. The hours are plotted in 'y' axis and time in 'x' axis. The 2 types of hours are projected in 'y' axis actual efforts and estimated effort.

A slope going towards down from top of 'x'-axis shows an effective sprint planning.

After the sprint planning , there is a Root Cause analysis phase.

In this phase the faults or issues are taken one by one and its cause is figured out. This helps all to be aware of such issues in future or their resolution.

Also there are 3 one liners each person in Agile in this meeting says what to stop , what to start ,what to continue in terms of their learning from last sprint issues or experience.

This is all about Agile , i could explain. For more information search Agile Methodology in Google search Bar.



DINESH P LALWANI
SOLUTION ARCHITECT WITH
ERICSSON - PUNE



It does not matter how slowly you go as long as you do not stop — Confucius

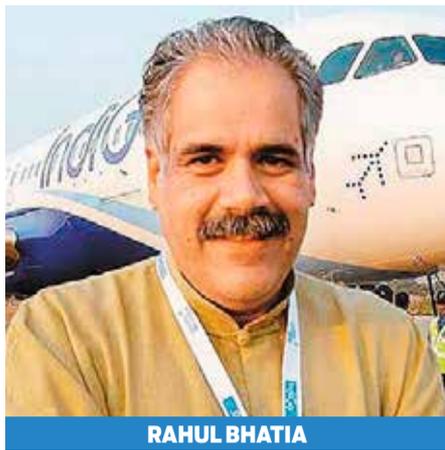


“Quality is not an act, It should be in Habit”

IndiGo Airlines: With in five years of its launch it has displaced national carrier air India to become number three in the Indian Aviation Sector.

This is another “Believe It or Not” entrepreneurial story of India. A decade ago, father and son duo, Kapil & Rahul Bhatia, were just a travel agency in Connaught Place. After five years, It started off as a humble budget airline and are now Gurgaon based IndiGo Airlines.

The market shares of airlines is : Jet 26.2; Kingfisher 19.1:IndiGo 17.3. Air India 17.3; Spice Jet 13.3 and others 17.3. As a student of management, it reinforces my belief in management .It reinforces my belief in private Vs



RAHUL BHATIA

Public (Air India) sectors! IndiGo is in the news because it has placed an or-

der for 280 planes for Rs. 70,000 crores, to be delivered between 2016-2020. And if the economy remains booming, it is destined to become the largest airline of India.

Rahul Bhatia is 48, Electrical Engineer from Ontario, Canada, Over the years got experience and exposure from his own family travel business. He had a two year stint with IBM and getting hold of experienced aviation management such as Rakesh Gangwal, formerly of US Airways.

From a single enterprise to travel corporation with 52 offices across 23 cities in India and abroad and good presence in related travel activities. It has become the largest low-cost car-

rier with no frills about what customers want i.e. on-time departure, clean aircraft and good and clean flying experience . Its on time performance record is near 80.6% in November 2010.

Well, in my R & D on entrepreneurship, I have found no answer and there are no secrets of success except that there are several essentials to it. In Bhatia's case: good networking skills, passion, 'lage raho', 'lagan se', and the skill to identify the best talent excellent in communication professional. Still all, this can not be fully explained. No compromise with the quality should be done to give the good result.

Source: Internet

“THE URGE TO REACH YOUR FULL POTENTIAL...”

Subhash In Hissar, at the age of 19th joined his family business, skipping college and now No.36 in India Today's 50 power people, one among the greatest achievers of India.

Subhash Chandra of Zee Tele-films never attended college. He owes his business “knowledge” to his late grandfather, a small- town cottonseed trader who knew



SUBHASH CHANDRA

a couple of things about business-the kind of stuff they do not teach at B- schools. If it weren't for his grandfather, Chandra might never have become India's first self-made media mogul, a figure often compared at home to News Corporation boss. Rupert Murdoch. Chandra is pretty similar

and has no hang-ups about getting advice from the humblest of his employees. The most important lesson of all was understanding the value of taking risks and living with the results. Before Chandra stumped upon satellite television, in 1986, he bought 753 acres on the outskirts of Mumbai and in 1989, India's first hi-tech amusement park, Esselworld was set up like many entrepreneurial success stories, his success was accidental when a casual visit to the office of Doordarshan in Mumbai inspired him to launch a satellite T.V channel and he got his inspiration from BBC and CNN. As usual our “red tape” created hurdles till he went to Hong Kong to start his enterprise and in the process he wore proverbially six pairs of shoes! Today he has expanded his footprint in USA by launching Vieira 24-hour holistic health channel and has become the biggest distributor of India content in the overseas market with a view ship of 500 million in 160 countries. He is involved in “renewing” Mumbai daily DNA. He is the largest distributor of cable television in India with a reach of nearly 100 million people. He is further very fortunate to have elder son Puneet Goenka, 37, CEO and MD, Zee Entertainment . Puneet has made an excellent and educational statement, “In a promoter -run business. It is not easy for an outsider to take decisions it is not easy for an outsider to take decisions on the flagship brand. I didn't have the fear of making mistakes and losing my job”. Well, said, Puneet, Younger son, Amit 34, whose attributes are building new business, using technology. Both the sons have the advantage to have their father around for about 30 years.

Source: Internet

“Mozart of Madras”, “Legend of music”, “Man of awesomeness”, these are the words described by the people for a man of outstanding abilities named A.R. RAHMAN.

Born on January 6, 1966 in Chennai, A.R. Rahman is an Indian composer, singer-songwriter, music producer, musician, multi-instrumentalist and philanthropist. A.R. Rahman, full name Allah Rakha Rahman, was originally named as A.S. Dileep Kumar. He is the son of Kareema Begum and R.K. Shekhar. Rahman's father, R.K. Sekhar, was a prominent Tamil musician who composed scores for the Malayalam film industry. Rahman began studying piano at age of four. The boy's interests lies in electronics and computers, and his father's serendipitous purchase of a synthesizer allowed him to pursue his passion and to learn to love music at the same time. Sekhar died when Rahman was 9 years old, and by the age of 11, he was playing piano professionally to support his family. With no source of income, Rahman's family rented out the musical equipment of his father to earn money. After a series of family crisis, Rahman converted to Islam, and since then he has been known as A R Rahman.

He incepted his early training in music from master Dhanraj. During his early teenage years, he started accompanying accomplished musicians such as, Zakir Hussain, L. Shankar, and others on world tour and earned a degree in western classical music from Trinity School of Music. His first salary was 50 rupees for operating a record player. From 1984-88, he was a part of the band called “Roots”, during this period he also played keyboard for 10-12 Kannada films. Later he became a part of a rock band called “Namesis Avenue”, where he worked as a producer-arranger and also performed for a concert “Jive Live”.

Rahman's career initially started with composition of jingles, advertisements, documentaries, etc. In 1987, Rahman got his first break in the music industry. He started by composing jingles for Allwyn Company's new range of watches. Two years later, Rahman started a small studio in his house's backyard with the name, Panchathan Record Inn. It later went on to become India's most well-equipped and advanced sound recording studios.

Very few people know that the first film for which

he composed music was ‘Mohanlal’ starrer Yodha (1992), a Malayalam film. In 1991, while at a ceremony to receive an award for his work on a coffee advertisement, Rahman met Bollywood film director Mani Ratnam, who persuaded him to write music for motion pictures. Their first project was Roja (1992),



A.R. Rahman

which resulted in Rahman's first film sound track hit. More than 100 movie scores followed, including the music for Lagaan (2001), the first Bollywood film nominated for an Academy Award. Rahman's albums sold more than 100 million copies.

He composed for various Tamil movies before venturing into Hindi. His first Hindi language movie was Rangeela. The massive response for the movie led him to compose various hit albums for movies such as, Bombay (1995), Dil se, Taal (1999), Zubeidaa (2001), Lagaan and Rockstar (2011) to name a few. The UK based World Music magazine Songlines named him one of 'Tomorrow's World Music Icons' one of Asia's most sophisticated and high-tech studios. He has performed for audiences in Singapore, Malaysia, Australia, Dubai, United States, United Kingdom, Canada and India.

Rahman has been a two-time winner and a five-time nominee in the Oscars. His first Hollywood movie was Couples Retreat (released in 2009) for which he won the BMI London Award for Best Score. Rahman had also composed for the 2008 film Slumdog Millionaire for which he had won a Golden Globe Award and two Academy awards, creating a record for being the first Asian to have done so. The songs Jai Ho and O...Saya from the film Slumdog Millionaire earned him commercial success internationally.

Rahman is married to Saira Banu and they have three children, Rahima, Ameena and Khatija. In 2008, he founded KM College of Music and Technology in Chennai, which was inaugurated by Mukesh Ambani. In 2013 a street was named in his honour in Markham, Ontario, Canada called “Allah-Rakha Rahman Street”. A.R. Rahman has also been awarded with Padma Shri(2000), Padma Bhushan(2010) and also the national Lata Mangeshkar Award(2004).

A.R. Rahman after all his struggles in life remains an idol for many people. His music has influenced many people across the world.

Charvi pithava, LML Student

“My hardships was instrumental in my success including partition to family disputes”-Dharampal Gulati

Yes, it is genuinely a success story of entrepreneurship form “zero to hero”, from a tonga driver top Rs. 500 crore MDH brand! Starting in Pakistan, he is a fifth grade drop out and tries several businesses when he came to India. He drove a tonga (horse carriage) to earn a living but did not like it. He decided to start his own ancestral business of manufacturing and selling spices. Enterprise gave him the vision via his hunch and entered packaged spices, “against the cur-

“A Journey on a tonga to TV screens !”

rent” as Indians were used to freshly ground spices. He went ahead and decided to have his own face on the packaging what exactly Lee Iacocca did in his Chrysler ads, “won't you buy my cars!” He compensated his lack of education with street smartness, which also gave him plenty of shrewd business sense.

To his credit, he did the greatest thing



DHARAM PAL GULATI

and that is: when his spices business was very small and struggling , he advertised his products for the first time in vernacular newspapers such as Pratap, an Urdu newspaper. conviction was that for the people to know his brand, he must advertise to sell well i.e brand promotion. He has not hired any advertising agency and believed in running a tight ship. These days he fo-

cuses more on television than print, i.e the ad of blessing the married couple to striking a legal pose on a horse carriage-many may consider these as ego trips, but to me, his ads have very good recall value. Advertising alone does not sell products. It has been wisely said: good advertising sells good products quickly and kills bad products quickly! His products have been of high quality standard since many years. He started from a small shop in Karol Bagh in Delhi in 1948. Today he 93 years old and still a brand mascot.

Source: Internet





ARE YOU A SUPERIOR TEACHER OR A GREAT TEACHER?

means that you should expect errors and keep solutions ready as it happens. Being proactive means to, think of different possibilities that might arise and be able to meet them without losing grip of the situation.

2. Be creative

Creativity is not easy to implement. It takes lot of thinking and brooding to be creative. One must be extra conscious in order to bring creativity in the work. Creativity means to do things differently but in acceptable manner. Where one will use the age old traditional and efficient methods, a creative teacher will have her own methods that may be contrary to the traditional methods but be more effective. Creativity in teaching can be installed by using different media for explanation of the same topic. Creativity will enable the students to retain their learning and thus will help them to expand their thinking. Creativity is contagious meaning students of a creative teacher will always be creative.

3. Be inspiring

To be inspiring one has to be demonstrative. I remember, one of our school teachers who always was in a formal dress in the classroom and will address the students with respect and care. Students will automatically get inspired if the teacher focuses for perfection in the work. Research has proved that Students will remember 20% of what teacher says and 80% of what teacher does. Thus, it is mandatory for all teachers to be a perfectionist in own work and considerate for the work of students. Merely, instructing students will not inspire them but accepting silly errors and correcting it instantly will inspire them. A teacher needs to focus on what words that he/she uses to address the students and explain them.

4. Be compassionate

A teacher needs to be soft hearted though not appearing so. To be compassionate is to empathize with students. A teacher though addressing the class has to see a problem on one to one basis. One cannot be compassionate in general but when it comes to addressing the student individually or counselling the parent of the child, the compassionate feature should be activated. Understanding with the situation the child faces and providing alternative solutions to the problems

faced by the child will inspire the child and parent to achieve solution and not to rebel. Being compassionate means to know about the passion of the students and provide an environment where students can pursue their passion.

5. Be adaptive

A teacher needs to be adaptive to different situations. Not losing the temper and accepting the available solutions and quickly adapting to the environment is what a teacher needs to influence the students. A teacher that is not adaptive cannot be influencing the students and thus will not be able to make them understand. Being adaptive means to adapt to different means of learning that is comfortable to students and influence their understanding using tools through which they understand and are influenced.

6. Be ever learning

One has to be ever learning and growing. The way a teacher learns also influences the students to learn better. A teacher is a great source of inspiration for students and especially for students of lower grade. Thus, if the students see that a teacher is also studying new concepts; new technology and upgrading her skills and knowledge, the students will also get inspired and make extra efforts to learn better. Many a times a student merely gets inspired with the concept that the teacher is still learning. In present times, we have many courses that a teacher can pursue and obtain relevant certification. A teacher must make efforts to obtain atleast one such skill certification each year and enhance their learning and skills. Being ever learning will enable teacher to understand the students that faces difficulty in learning.

7. Be open minded

To be open minded means to allow students to query, rationalize and discuss. We have many teachers that are very technical and methodical. This is not wrong but at times a teacher should also be openminded and allow students to express their queries and suggestions. Having an impression of being an open minded teacher will comfort the students and in turn will enhance their understanding and learning. Open minded does not mean to tolerate their misbehaviour rather it means to be understanding so that

the students do not misbehave.

8. Be involving

A teacher should be involving every student in the learning process. There are some students who would willingly participate in learning process while there are others who would require motivation to participate. A teacher should focus on the later and motivate them to participate without demotivating the former. A teacher should see that every student get some chance in showing their talents and know-how and to develop their skills. Being involvement oriented means to inculcate a participating approach in the students so that they become open to questions and make efforts to find such answers. An involving teacher will always welcome the students to participate in the learning process and create an incubating environment where better learners are produced.

9. Be consistent

A teacher should be consistent and predictable. Consistency means a teacher should act as per the words they utter. If a teacher violates his/her own principles then it will discourage students to be obedient and rather create rebellious students. Consistency will install faith among students and keep the students calm and composed for learning. They will always feel comfortable with such teacher and will be respectful with them. Consistency also means to be aligned with the school's philosophy of teaching and learning. A teacher should enact the schools educational philosophy and pedagogy and should respect the rules of the school. This will demonstrate a respectful culture and will enable students to be obedient and disciplined.

10. Be human

With advent of technology and its deep penetration in education, stake holders in education have become technical and in this situation a teacher with humanistic approach will always be desirable and will enjoy a respectable position in professional world. To be human is to work with head, heart and hand. A person who is sympathetic and understanding will always be acceptable in the society. Thus, a teacher who is humanistic in approach will find a good position in the professional world. To be human is to understand the need of fellow being and in this case the students, thus enabling the teacher to be friendly with them and approachable. If so, then the students will flourish under such teacher and will shine out with flying colours.

The list of such characteristics is exhaustive and continuing. As teachers it is important for us to observe, display and demonstrate the above characteristics as time demands and let it upon the students, parents and society to decide that whether he/she is a superior or great teacher. We should focus on our work with commitment and diligence and promote a learning environment that is fearless and enabling trust with students. To be superior or great is not to be decided by us but needs to be enacted by us. Best wishes to you for being a great teacher. Let us contribute our efforts in developing a better world and loving and caring generation.

Dr. Vishal Varia

As per words of William Arthur Ward, "A mediocre teacher tells. A good teacher explains, a superior teacher demonstrates and a great teacher inspires." A teacher of our school was touched by the above quote and asked me the question, "Sir, how can I become a great teacher?" The very question urged me to find out do we really need to be great teacher? Are we to decide that? What does it take for one to become a great teacher?

It is almost difficult to answer for the above questions as we as teachers have to be in all the stages at different situations. A teacher needs to be telling and instructing at the same time a teacher needs to be explaining. Also a teacher needs to demonstrate and inspire. We cannot be only on one domain. As per my opinion a teacher needs to keep migrating from what mentioned by William Arthur Ward as mediocre, good, superior and great. Easily said than done, we have to keep a close eye on as to when to migrate from one domain or other. Considering that every teacher is capable of migrating from one domain to other, let us find out the answer of what does it take for one to become a great teacher?

CHARACTERISTICS A GREAT TEACHER SHOULD POSSESS:

1. Be proactive

A teacher should always be proactive. Meaning, a teacher should plan in advance all the work that needs to be done and asked from students. One should be certain and predictable so that the students will make their effort to perform to teachers expectations. Being proactive means to think ahead and keep plans ready. It also



All books talk, you just need to go closure to become the best friend?

We have seen from time to time people have amazed why reading is important. There, they find so many different kinds of things to do with one's time. Reading is essential for a

variety of reasons. We will see that at some of those basics reasons below, but it is essential to know that efforts with the vital reading skills is not a signal of low intelligence. For example, John Corcoran, who wrote the teacher who couldn't read, is a very intelligent man. He graduated from High School and College, be-

came a popular High School teacher and later a successful business man, all without being able to read. Many highly intelligent people have struggled in their career and have set an example, when properly taught, most people can learn to read easily and quickly.

Now, if a man like John Corcoran can succeed without reading, why is reading important? A person should really read Mr. Corcoran's story to get the feeling of shame, loneliness and fear that he experienced before he learned to read. He had succeed in spite of this major handicap because he was a man of intelligence, ability and determination

Let's Understand why to be familiar with it is essential:

1. To Read is a basic function in today's society. There are many adults who cannot read properly and are not enough capable to understand the instructions on a medicine bottle. That is a scary thought - especially for their children. Filling out applications becomes difficult for them without help. Reading road or warning signs is difficult. Even following a map becomes tough for them...
2. Reading plays vital role in finding a satisfactory and eligible job. Many well-paying jobs require reading as a part of job performance. Works related reports and memos which is to be read out and if unskilled results increases the amount of time.
3. Reading is essential because it develops the mind. The mind is a muscle. It needs exercise. Understanding the written word is one way the mind grows in its ability. Teaching young children to read helps them to develop their language skills. It also helps them learn to listen. Everybody wants to talk, but few can really listen. Lack of listening skills can result in major misunderstandings which can lead to job loss, marriage breakup, and other disasters - small and great. Reading helps children [and adults] focus on what someone else is communicating.
4. When reading is regular you are aware of new things through newspaper, magazine, internet and other with other reading sources. So every time we discover new things.
5. When we read continuously we develop an imagination power too. They can enter in imaginary world, can be a king or can reach to the adventurous places with the endless possibilities.

Dear young learners, I would like to say that, books are always considered to be the best friends. They take us through a journey of imagination and creativity. It is very important for us as parents, to cultivate the habit of reading in our children from a very early age., children are attracted by colourful pictures, animation and cartoons. this becomes, very important to introduce books with such content as early reading materials. children will find it interesting and begin to love reading. reading books will help a child to instill many qualities. It sparks their imagination, stretches their mind which results in great thinking process, questioning and reasoning, fills their mind with knowledge, expansion of their vocabulary, sentences and comprehension, they automatically develop fluency in their language. Reading will help parents to introduce great leaders and role models to children in form of stories. this will help parents to inculcate moral values. This will build strong character in kids. Parents must read stories aloud and with voice modulation like characters in the story. This in turn will make the session more interesting for the child. A small bed time story daily would give the mother a quality time together which will prove very fruitful and effective in long run with the child. The more we read more we know.

Albert Einstein, the famous scientist once remarked, "If you want your kids to do well in life, read to them fairy tales. If you want them to become great, then read to them even more fairy tales"

Let the world of magic unfold...!



POOJA JAISWAL
EDUCATIONIST, AHMEDABAD

SIMPLE LIFESTYLE AND GENEROUS MAN

Nana Patekar is an Indian actor, writer, philanthropist and filmmaker, mainly working in Hindi and Marathi films. He was born on 1 January 1951. Born Vishwanath Patekar in Murud-Janjira, Maharashtra, to Dinkar Patekar (a painter) and his wife Sangana Patekar. His father was into textile painting and ran a small business. He encouraged him a lot and loved seeing his plays. He would take Nana everywhere to see plays. When he was just 13, they went from being middle class to lower middle class and finally lower class. All of a sudden, he started working at the age of 13. After school, he would go walk up and down eight kilometers to Chunabhatti to paint film posters and make 35 per month to get a meal for a day. He was in Class IX, but that humiliation and hunger taught him so much that he didn't need to go to any acting school. His father would always say that 'Bachchon ke din aaye khane ke, aur mere paas kuch nahi hai.' He was always worried and felt emotionally so sad that eventually he had a heart attack and died when he was 28.

He is what he is because of Vijaya Mehta, who directed his first play. Everybody liked his role very much. He is an alumnus of the Sir J. J. Institute of Applied Arts, Mumbai. During his college years he was active in inter collegiate dramatics. He came into films because of Smita Patil, who was already doing films and knew him from Pune. After graduating he starred in several Bollywood movies with some of the most prominent directors of Bollywood. He is married to Neelakanti Patekar, and they have a son Malhar Patekar. But, their married life did not go well, and it resulted in a divorce later on. He joined the Signals regiment in the early 1990s. He took up the sport of rifle shooting and was qualified for the G.V. Mavlinkar Shooting Championship. Nana Patekar is said to have a unique acting style. He is famous for his brash style of delivering his dialogues and his way of speaking reflects his deliverance of the lines.

While he acted in movies such as Mohre (1987) and Salaam Bombay! (1988), he was noticed by the mainstream Bollywood industry and audience for his portrayal of the villain in the 1989 film, Parinda. He was awarded the Filmfare Best Supporting Actor Award for the role. He also won the Filmfare Best Villain Award in 1992 for Angaar.

He won the National Film Award for Best Actor for his performance in Krantiveer (1994). He also won the Filmfare Award and the Star Screen Awards in the best actor category.

Patekar has experimented with his roles when it comes to films. He has done the occasional villain role, but has also played a hero in most of his films. He played a truant, gambling son in Kran-

tiveer (1994), a wife beater in Agni Sakshi (1996), a deaf and dumb father in Khamoshi: The Musical (1996) and a schizophrenic in Wajood (1998). At times during his career, it was noted that he was an epitome of the "angry young man" role and that he was well suited for such roles and would carry it on as a forerunner of Amitabh Bachchan and Mithun Chakraborty. Yet, he was also perfect for some of the villainous roles that he has done.

He turned director with his movie Prahaar: The Final Attack, co-starring Madhuri Dixit. He once again gave a good performance in Apaharan, for which he received the Filmfare Best Villain Award as well as the Star Screen Award Best Villain. He is going to be in Sangeeth Sivan's next film, which is a remake of the Telugu film Athadu (2005) and as the character Anjaneya Prasad (CBI Officer), which was originally played by Prakash Raj.

Patekar has also done some playback singing in the films Yeshwant (1997), Wajood (1998) and Aanch (2003).

He is a sketch artist, a secret not known to the outside world. His sketches have sometimes helped the Mumbai Police to track criminals.

Patekar is also known for his simple lifestyle and is known for his generosity in donating to charities. He contributed money towards rebuilding of the flood ravaged villages in Bihar through the charitable organization Anubhuthi. All the monetary remuneration he obtained for his performance in the movie Paathshaala was donated by him to five different charitable organizations. When he was awarded the Raj Kapoor award which carries a cash prize of Rs 10,00,000, he donated the entire amount towards drought relief activities in Maharashtra. He also provided financial aid to the families of farmers who committed suicide due to indebtedness brought by drought. In September 2015, Patekar established an organization, Naam Foundation, with fellow Marathi actor Makarand Anaspure, which works to provide aid to farmers overcome by drought conditions in Maharashtra, India.

Using a Twitter campaign with the hashtag Icaresupport, Patekar was able to obtain funds to help Maharashtra Drought victims.

Nana Patekar, 64, may look stubborn to a few, but in reality, he's just a bright man with a point of view. He may look harsh from the outside, but is soft from inside. He works on his own terms and hates wasting time, but is extremely affectionate, very caring and brutally honest. He may have refused the offer to join politics, but nothing can stop him from spending his own money for suffering farmers. He is a great cook, is a stickler for cleanliness and a doting son.



BE SCHOOLED WITH AMAZING FACTS

- 27,000 trees** are cut down each day so we can have Toilet Paper.
- Aluminum can** be recycled continuously, as in forever. Recycling 1 aluminum can save enough energy to run our TVs for at least 3 hours. 80 trillion aluminum cans are used by humans every year.
- When you** throw plastic bags and other plastic materials in the ocean, it kills as many as 1 million sea creatures

- annually.
- A glass** bottle made in our time will take more than 4,000 years to decompose.
- Only 1%** of our planet's water supply can be used. 97% is ocean water and 2% is frozen solid in the Arctic, for now.
- The world's** oldest trees are more than 4,600 years old
- One ton** of carbon dioxide released into the air can be avoided by replacing 75-watt

- bulbs with energy efficient bulbs.
- According to** USAID, one-third people of the earth will be facing "severe" or "chronic" water shortages by the year 2025.
- According to** a UN study on sanitation, far more people in India have access to a cell phone than to a toilet.
- 40% of** the Earth's waterways are undrinkable.



MASALA UPMA

Ingredients

- 150gms Semolina (raw for instant and dry roasted for masala upma)
- 1/2 tsp mustard seeds
- 1 tsp cumin seeds
- 1 tbsp chana dal
- 1/2 tbsp urad dal
- 1 tsp ginger crushed
- 1 to 2 green chillies slit
- 1/2 cup chopped onions
- 10 no Curry leaves
- 2 tsp oil / ghee
- salt to taste

Optional:

- 100gms - grated carrot/ cabbage/ green peas/ corn/ French beans
- 50 gms peanuts / Cashewnuts fried while tempering
- 100gms - boiled soya granules - very healthy
- Other replacements to sooji are Sooji and Semiya, bread, idli cut, poha, broken wheat, broken soaked and dried rice etc.
- Water can be double to that of sooji and additional materials. More than double to triple can be for instant one.
- Masala upma will have approx double water and Indian powdered spices can be used.

- Chopped coriander leaves and grated coconut / sev and lemon wedge for garnish.

Method:

- Heat the oil in a kadai or pan and add all the ingredients till they crackle except sooji
- Add double the quantity of water and when it boils, add the sooji
- Allow it to cook on simmer and adjust seasoning
- Serve hot garnished
- For the masala upma we can add veg/ nuts and Indian spices during tempering followed by water and dry roasted sooji instead.



Chef Salla Vijay Kumar - IHMA



HERO POSE

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BENEFITS

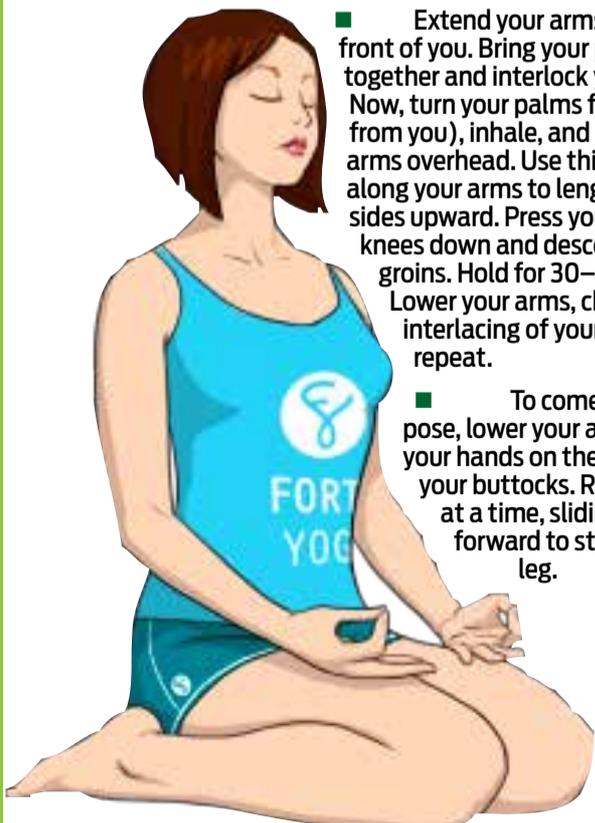
- Increases flexibility in the knees and hips; tones the muscles in the arches of the feet; increases circulation in the feet and legs

DESCRIPTION

- Kneel on your mat with your knees together and thighs perpendicular to the floor. Separate your feet slightly wider than hip width (if this is painful on the tops of your feet or your knees, kneel on a thin blanket). Point your toes straight back and spread the balls of your feet from the big-toe side to the little-toe side. Ideally, all of your toenails will touch the floor.
- Bend your knees a bit, lean forward, and place your hands on your calves. Pull your calf muscles back away from your knees and roll them out. Lower your buttocks and sit on the floor. The inner sides of your calves should touch your outer thighs.
- Place your hands on your knees, catch the skin on your knees, and draw it up toward your thighs—this will give your knees a more spacious feeling. Sit in this posture for 1–5 minutes.

Extend your arms straight in front of you. Bring your palms together and interlock your fingers. Now, turn your palms forward (away from you), inhale, and raise your arms overhead. Use this extension along your arms to lengthen your sides upward. Press your shins and knees down and descend your inner groins. Hold for 30–60 seconds. Lower your arms, change the interlacing of your fingers, and repeat.

To come out of the pose, lower your arms, place your hands on the floor, and lift your buttocks. Raise one knee at a time, sliding each foot forward to straighten your leg.



VEDIC

MATHEMATICS-5

In this article we will learn few interesting methods of multiplications.

Multiplication with 12

- Multiplication of two digit number with 12
 - Place 0 at the higher place then
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 33 | 54 |
| x 12 | x 12 |
| 0330 | 0540 |
| 0×2+3=03, | 0×2+5=05, |
| 3×2+3=09, | 5×2+4=14, |
| 3×2+0=06, | 4×2+0=08, |
| 396 | 548 |
| 000 | 010 |
| 396 | 648 |
| So, 33×12=396 | So, 54×12=648 |

Multiplication of three digit number with 12

- | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 323 | 543 | 345 |
| x 12 | x 12 | x 12 |
| 03230 | 05430 | 03450 |
| 0×2+3=03, | 0×2+5=05, | 0×2+4=04, |
| 3×2+3=09, | 5×2+4=14, | 4×2+5=13, |
| 3×2+0=06, | 4×2+0=08, | 5×2+0=10, |
| 3553 | 5973 | 3795 |
| So, 323×11=3553 | So, 543×11=5973 | So, 345×11=3795 |



DR. ATUL VYAS
EDUCATOR, RAJKOT

KNOCK YOUR SELF

1) National Achievement Survey 2017 is the largest ever national assessment survey in.

- India
- Asia
- Asia Pacific
- World

2) Cabinet has approved the creation of which agency for educational testing under the Indian Societies Registration Act, 1860?

- National Testing Agency
- National Educational Agency
- National Education Testing Agency
- National Higher Education Testing Agency

3) Which educational institution was named after India's first PM?

- JNU
- BHU
- DU
- CISR

4) On Teacher's Day 2017, which portal providing national digital infrastructure for teachers was launched?

- DIKSHA
- SHIKSHA
- GYAN
- SHAKTI

5) Which strategic nation building initiative is NITI Aayog set to launch to mentor students?

- Mentor India
- Campaign

- Student India Campaign
- Teacher India Campaign
- Coach India Campaign

6) What does MUSK stand for in the context of secondary and higher education cess?

- Madhyamik and Uttar Shiksha Kosh
- Madhyamik and Uchchar Shiksha Kosh
- Madhyamik and Unnati Shiksha Kosh
- Madhyam and Uchchar Shiksha Kosh

7) INS is set to launch which first online course for nurses?

- Infusion therapy
- Intravenous therapy
- Intelligent therapy
- Internal therapy

8) What is the web portal address for supply of NCERT textbooks launched in Aug 9, 2017?

- www.ncertbooks.ncert.gov.in
- www.ncertbooks.ncert.gov.com
- www.ncertbooks.ncert.gov.co
- www.ncertbooks.ncert.gov

9) NASSCOM foundation has joined hands with which firm to establish a rural digital literacy centre (the first in Telangana) in Peddashedapur Village?

- Arcesium
- Cesium
- Arces
- Arcesi

Inter school drawing competition at SVS English School –Mother’s Pet



Drawing competition was held in the premises of SVS English School – Mother’s Pet.

The event was held on 3rd December, Sunday wherein 300 students from more than 10 schools had participated from all over Ahmedabad.

This competition was for Sr.KG to Grade 7 students .The Chief guest of the event was Mr.Bijoy Shivaram – Principal at JG College of Performing Arts. The Judges were Mr. Sudhir Thakkar from Camlin, Kokuyo & Ms. Ila Patel ,an artist.



CHAITANYA KHOJ-2017- INTERSCHOOL QUIZ HELD ON 29TH NOVEMBER



Chaitanya School conducted its Interschool Quiz Contest at Gandhinagar Town Hall on 29th November 2017 for students of classes IX -XI. This unique initiative by the School aims to enhance general awareness among students.

RACK YOUR BRAIN - REFLECTIONS

Q. Dear readers, what does success in the class room mean to you?"

1. There may be a different opinion of different readers, but according to me, I would like to see my child success fully doing his work with responsibility and other parameters of assessment which may show the difference of grades among the students but those all are time taking developments, varies from child to child. So success in the classroom for my kid is to understand the interaction done and following the instructions.

—Payal Bhavsar, Ahmedabad

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- ➔ Teaching with use of Visual, Auditory, Tactile aids.
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- Data Entry
- Divet (Wick) Making
- Retail Management
- People Skills
- Work Readiness and Life Skills Training
- Employment counseling, guidance and work placement opportunities

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:- Covering :-

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- ➔ Classroom Management
- ➔ Effective Lesson Planning
- ➔ Understanding Fundamentals of Child Psychology and Special Needs
- ➔ English Language Development Programs

Awards and Recognition

- ◆ Awards to School, Students and Foundation For
- ◆ Art, Karate & Waste Management
- ◆ Felicitated with National Award in 2012
- ◆ Best Special Educator's Award (2014-15)
- ◆ Shreshtha Shikshak Award (2015-16) - (Shri Ramanbhai Patel - AMA)



Pearl School

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